The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 1877

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18. 1741.

urther Conſiderations *on the* True Nature *of* GOVERNMENT.

I T is now ſome Twenty Years ago ſince the Diſputes which at preſent run ſo high, were at firſt ſet abroach. I am apt to believe, that the firſt Authors of them did not well know what they had in View. They ſaw Things which gave them Concern, and they were for having them removed. ey mentioned this to others, and met with ſuch favourable Reception that they carried their Enquiries rther; and in conſequence thereof found ſtill new bjects for Reformation. Theſe they publiſhed, ſifted, d examined; and, as the Complaints grew, the Party creaſed in Number, Weight, and Intereſt. Then it as that ſome Perſons of great Political Parts threw emſelves into this Scale, methodized the Thoughts of ſe moody Men, and taught Diſcontent to aim at perfecting the *Revolution*. It has been ſaid, and I believe it y be true, That the great Wit who modelled this Deſign, truſted the Whole of it only with a Few, and inſtructed the Publick but by Piece-meal. In this he acted with due Care and Caution, and with greater Reſpect to his own Safety than he ſhew'd on another Occaſion; when either the Vigour of his Parts, or an over-rating of his own Power, led him to believe, that whatever he projected, muſt be void of Peril at leaſt, if not attended with Succeſs. His Miſcarriage then made him more prudent now; and to the Coolneſs of his Behaviour in the Management we owe that extraordinary Heat with which he inſpir'd his Diſciples, and with which they will like to glow, ſo long as they have his *Diſſertation upon Parties* amongſt them.

This celebrated Piece, like moſt other celebrated Pieces, hath had very different Fates. Some have cry'd up to the Skies; others have fanſied it fetch'd from the Depth of Hell. A certain Author ſays, it has been read with Horror and Amazement; that ſo beautiful a Compoſition ſhould contain the deepeſt and blackeſt Deſign againſt his Fellow-Creatures, that were ever conceived by an Apoſtate Politician. One Set of Men, indeed, regard it as a Political Bible, while to others it ſeems better than the *Koran*. In ſhort, there are who think it a *Palladium*; and there are who believe it a *Trojan Horſe*: All agree, however, that it is extremely well written; that there is a Spirit, Argument, and fine Language in this Performance; but ſtill the Doubt remains, whether it came from a real Angel, or from one transformed into an Angel of Light? This is the Diſpute which we ſhall endeavour to clear. It is a Rule given by an infallible Judge of Men and Things; infallible, I ſay, in the Opinion of *Proteſtants* as well as *Papiſts*, *that the Tree is to be known by the Fruit*; and therefore my Rule of Judging in this Reſpect is, That the Merit of the Book may be beſt ſettled from its Doctrines. If, therefore, theſe are right; if they are conſiſtent with the Conſtitution, if they tend to promote Liberty, to preſerve Property, and to keep ſtrictly united our Sovereign and his People, why then the *Diſſertation* ought to be agreeable to all Parties; if otherwiſe, to none. But, previous to the ſtating the Doctrine contained in this Book, it will be neceſſary to ſay ſomething of the late *Revolution*, for the Illuſtrious Author makes that the baſis of all his Reaſonings, as ſhall be fully prov'd hereafter; whence it follows, that to underſtand them, we muſt have a true Notion of this. We muſt know what the *Revolution* was, how it came about, and what was propoſ'd thereby: After which, it will be the leſs difficult to form a true and certain Judgment on the *Diſſertation upon Parties*; or, in other Words, on the Merits of the preſent Oppoſition, on the Patriotiſm of the preſent Times, and what is like to be the Fate of our Country.

By the Word *Revolution*, taken in a Natural Senſe, we mean a total Change; and when taken in a Political or Hiſtorical Senſe, we mean that Change, that great Change, that was made here in 1688. Now to underſtand what this Change was, we muſt remember, that K. *James* II. ſtarting out of the Kingdom, the Convention then ſitting, and acting as the Supreme Authority, declared this Retreat to be an *Abdication*, a deſerting of his Throne, which they voted to be empty, and at the ſame time invited *William* and *Mary*, Prince and Princeſs of *Orange*, to fill it. They accepting this Invitation became King and Queen, and were as ſuch acknowledged by the Names of King *William* III. and Queen *Mary* II. Such was the *Revolution*. This was effected, Firſt, By the Retreat of King *James*; Secondly, By the Declaration of the Convention; and, Thirdly, By the Acceptation of King *William* and Queen *Mary*. Now as to the End propoſed; it was, in thoſe Days, underſtood to be the Re-ſettlement of the Government. It muſt be ſo underſtood. For the Vote of Abdication is a clear and indubitable Proof, that it was the Opinion of the Convention, that the Executive Part of the Government could not be legally executed, becauſe the Throne was empty; and for the Sake of affording Protection to the People, as well as of doing Juſtice to the Prince and Princeſs of *Orange*, they call'd them to the Succeſſion of the Crown; and this Point once ſettled, the new King and Queen, by virtue of their Prerogative, called Parliaments for the future, enacted Laws, and did all other Things that Sovereigns might do heretofore. And therefore their putting the Wheel of Government again into Motion, ſeems to have been the End of calling their Highneſſes to the Enjoyment of the Crown, and, conſequently, the great End of the *Revolution*.

Moſt true it is, that the Expedition of the Prince of *Orange* was undertaken at the Requeſt of the Nation; and that, after he became King, many things were done for ſecuring the Liberties of the *Engliſh* People. The Author of the *Diſſertation upon Parties* is of Opinion, that at the Revolution, we had not only a new King but a new Conſtitution. He ſtates this very clearly, *p.* 164. in the firſt Octavo Edition; and there tells us, That the Inſtitution of a King of *Britain* is p'ainly conditional; and that he may forfeit his Right to Allegiance, as undeniably and as effectually, as the Subject may forfeit his Right to Protection. This is his great Poſition; and the next thing he inſiſts upon is, That tho' there was a new Conſtitution begun at the Revolution, it is not yet finiſhed. The Body of the Structure is indeed completed, but it ſtill ſtands in need of ſeveral Additions; which it muſt owe, it ſeems, to our Care. This was a Task left to future Patriots to perform; a ſacred Truſt repos'd in them, which they are not to neglect. And the main Intent of this celebrated Work is, to put them in mind of this Truſt, to point out the Means of executing it, and to prevent their languiſhing in the Diſcharge of ſo glorious a Labour. Here lies the Merit of that Performance, and this is the true Reaſon why it is ſo much applauded, ſo warmly recommended, and ſo ſtrictly followed by his Aſſociates.

According to the Plan of this illuſtrious Author, Patriots are a Kind of political Architects, who have a Right, at all times, to ſurvey the Conſtitution; and if they find, or conceive they find, any thing amiſs therein, they are immediately, with the Aſſiſtance of the People, to mend it. When we conſider things in this Light, we cannot but ſee that there is Proviſion made for a perpetual Succeſſion of Patriots, and perpetual Employment found for them. They are to act as Curators for the People, unleſs at any time the People ſhould be wiſe enough to act for themſelves, and there to keep the Power of Kings, and their Miniſters, within proper Bounds. In purſuance of this Plan, we have every Year, ſince the Publication of that Book, had ſome Scheme or other offered for pulling down and rebuilding ſome Part of the Conſtitution. It is true, that none of theſe Schemes have been accepted; but that was the Fault of thoſe to whom they were propoſed, no body can ſay the Patriots have been wanting in their Duty. If the executive as well as the inventing Part had depended upon them, we ſhould have ſeen our old Conſtitution adorn'd with many a new Turret by this Time: But if a Crew of old-faſhion'd People will not be adviſ'd, if they will be fond of Inconveniences merely becauſe they found them there when they came; if they will not liſten to Men of Taſte, who never ſo much as talk of any thing but the Sciences; why they muſt have their own Way, and there is no Help for it. But ſtill the Patriots have this in Reſerve, they may continue either drawing up new Schemes, or reviving old; they may ſhew theſe to all Perſons of Penetration, point out the Abſurdities they would remove, the Advantages they would procure, and the additional Graces theſe Alterations would give to the whole Structure. This they may do, and this they may have been doing, and with all the Succeſs too, that in one Senſe they could deſire: For all but the Indolent and the Illiterate, all but ſuch as are bewitched with the Love of old Cuſtoms and old Buildings, who prefer Eaſe to Eloquence and Quiet to Politeneſs, are come into their Way of Thinking, and long from the Bottom of their Hearts to ſee the Changes they would make.

[*To be continued*]

AMERICA.

Boſton, Oct. 20. On Thurſday laſt arriv'd here a French Ship of about 200 Tons, mounted with 16 Guns, having a great Quantity of Pieces of Eight on board, beſides ſundry Merchandizes. She was taken off of Madeira by the Succeſs Man of War of 20 Guns, Capt. Thompſon Commander, who is ſtation'd here; ſhe was bound to Old Spain, and parted with Capt. Thompſon about nine Days ſince.

Charles-Town, South Carolina, Sept. 26. By Capt. John Murray, Benjamin Paine, and Mr. Thomas Poole, (one of the Pilots of this Harbour) we have the following Information, that they with a Boy nam'd William Bridges, having been conceal'd on board a French Sloop bound for Francois, commanded by one Capt. Declure, made their Eſcape from the Havannah on the 3d Inſt. On the 9th, the Sloop ſinking under them in the Lat. 32, and about 40 Leagues from Land, the whole Company conſiſting of four French, four Engliſh, and nine Spaniards, got into a ſmall Boat of about eleven Feet Keel, with a Quantity of Money, which they were oblig'd ſoon after to throw overboard. They ſcudded three Days before the Wind, during which Time, viz. on the 11th juſt before Day, one of the Spaniards fell ſuddenly on Capt. Paine, and ſtabbed him in a deſperate Manner in the Back, and twice in the Hand in defending himſelf; he alſo ſtabbed the ſecond French Captain down the Arm, miſſing his Aim. In the Evening private Conſultations were held among the Spaniards by themſelves forward, of whom one was a Prieſt. The Boatſwain made it known, that the Spaniards counted but thirteen Chriſtians in the Boat, and intended to kill the Engliſh. The Prieſt told the Spaniards openly, that the Condition they were in was a Judgment of God upon them, and obliged them to throw their Knives overboard; but he kept his own, and the Fellow who attempted to kill Capt. Paine, and another Spaniard conceal'd their Knives in their Boſoms. On the 12th the Spaniards all ſtood up round the Prieſt, who convey'd a Knife into the Hand of a young Fellow, and order'd him to diſpatch Capt. Paine and the Boy. But the French Captain interceeding for their Lives, and giving Aſſurance that they would reach Florida the next Day, prevented its being carried into Execution. On the 13th they eſpied two Sail, which proved to be Capt. Smith and Capt. Chadſey, both from Briſtol, bound to this Place; the former of which took on Board ſeven of the Spaniards, and the latter took in all the reſt of the Company, and brought 'em in here the 22d inſt.

HOME PORTS.

Dover, Dec. 16. Wind S. S. W. Came in the True Briton, Galliſon, from Liverpool for Hull.

Deal, Dec. 16. Wind S. W. Came down the Owners Goodwill, Pike, for Exon, and remains with the Ships as per laſt.

LONDON, December 18.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, of Dec. 23. *N. S.*

'My Correſpondent at Madrid by a Letter of Nov. 28. 'acquaints me, that they are very far from being eaſy 'there as to the Event of their Italian Expedition, inſo- 'much that it is certain Don Philip will not go to Italy 'till his Princeſs is brought to Bed, and the ſecond Em- 'barkation of Troops ſafely arriv'd there, to facilitate 'which the Cadiz Squadron put to Sea. His Catholick 'Majeſty is ſo extremely well ſatisfied with the Arch- 'biſhop of Rennes who is the French King's Ambaſſador 'at that Court, that he ſollicits the Pope warmly for a 'Red Hat to be beſtow'd upon him. There is a pro- 'found Silence kept at Court with reſpect to Affairs in 'the Weſt Indies.

'*Rome, Dec.* 2. His Holineſs has juſt written with 'his own Hand a very pathetick Letter to the moſt Chri- 'ſtian King, intreating him to diſpoſe his Allies to make 'a Peace with the Queen of Hungary upon reaſonable 'Terms, under the Mediation of his Holineſs. They 'write from Florence, that a Battalion of the Gr. Duke's 'Guards, conſiſting of 800 Men, were march'd from 'thence for Leghorn in order to reinforce the Garriſon, 'by which means they had no more than two hundred 'Men left in that City and its Caſtles, but the new-rais'd 'Regiment of Capponi was expected there in a few 'Days. The Venetians are actually recruiting their 'Troops with the utmoſt Diligence, in order to form a 'Camp of Obſervation at Verona of 36,000 Men, to be 'commanded by the Provedi- General, and Velt Mar- 'ſhal Schulemberg, and yet the general Opinion is, this 'State will if poſſible remain neuter.

'Letters from the Auſtrian Camp at Beriſchau in Bo- 'hemia five Hours March from Prague inform us, that 'it has been reſolv'd to put the Army into Winter Quar-

'ters

'ters on the Frontiers of Moravia and Auſtria, in order 'to cover thoſe Countries. The Head Quarters are to be 'at Tabor, and the Troops are to be ſo canton'd as that 'they may be aſſembled in the Space of twenty-four 'Hours. By this Diſpoſition we imagine that the ſend-'ing any Detachment from the Army of the Allies into 'Upper Auſtria will be render'd impracticable, and it is 'alſo ſaid, that his Royal Highneſs will remain in the 'Army till the Event of Count Kevenhuller's Exphdition 'be known.

'From Vienna they write of Dec. 9. that they are in-'form'd the Elector of Bavaria has ſent for a Crown from 'Munich, the Bohemian Regalia being remov'd before 'his Arrival into Moravia. The Archduchеſs Mary-Ann 'Siſter to our Sovereign is arriv'd here, and her Majeſty 'is daily expected.

Bruſſels, Dec. 22. On the 19th, an Expreſs arriv'd here 'from Presbourg, which brought Advice that the Queen 'our Sovereign had rejected the Terms offered her by 'France abſolutely. We go on extremely well in re-'cruiting our old and in raiſing our new Forces, which 'ought to conſiſt of ten Regiments of Foot, one of 'Horſe, and another of Dragoons.

A few Days ſince died at Buſhey Lodge Mr. Henry Wangford, late Steward to the Right Hon. the Earl of Eſſex. He was a Gentleman well known and much reſpected, and particularly remarkable for his Size, being probably the largeſt Man in England. His Coffin was ſo large, that the Top of the Herſe was forc'd to be taken off, and then the lower Part only could be admitted; and when it was brought to be depoſited in the Vault belonging to the Family at Watford, no Men could carry it, but they were oblig'd to move it along the Church-yard upon Rollers.

Yeſterday Morning a Fire happen'd at the Queen's Head the Corner of James-ſtreet Bedford-row, but by timely Aſſiſtance was happily extinguiſh'd without much Damage.

Yeſterday the following Prizes were drawn in the Bridge-Lottery, viz. No. 1273, 52869, 6876, 7463, 49915, 41520, 45518, 100 l. each.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	06 45	07 08

Bank Stock, 137 5-8ths to 136 3-4ths. India, 159 1-half. South Sea, 105. Old Annuity, 112 3-8ths to 111 7-8ths to 112. New ditto, 112 5-8ths to 1-4th. Three per Cent. No Transfer. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Aſſurance, 89. London Aſſurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 4 l. 14 s. to 10 s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 3 l. 5 s. Prem. Salt Tallies, 1 3-4ths Prem. Engliſh Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welſh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 101 3-4ths. Three per Cent. ditto, 95 1-4th. Million Bank, 114. Equivalent, 112. Lottery Tickets, 8 l. 10 s. to 15 s. to 10 s.

African Houſe, Dec. 17. 1741.

THE Court of Aſſiſtants of the Royal African Company of England do hereby give Notice, That the Transfer-Books of the ſaid Company will be ſhut from Thurſday the 24th Inſtant December until Thurſday the 28th Day of January next, in order to the Election of Governor, Sub-Governor, Deputy-Governor, and Twenty-four Aſſiſtants of the ſaid Company for the enſuing Year.

By Order of the Court of Aſſiſtants.

R. Spence.

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WHereas a Letter was put into the General Poſt-Office in Lombard-ſtreet, on the 26th of November laſt, directed to Mr. Richard Harvey in Dublin, in which were incloſed Eight Lottery Tickets, Number'd as underneath; which ſaid Letter not being come to Hand yet, it is preſum'd that it is either loſt, or deliver'd to a wrong Perſon. If any Perſon will bring the Letter and Tickets, or the Tickets without the Letter, to Mr. Richard Harvey in Dublin; or to the Bar of John's Coffee-houſe, Swithin's Alley, near the Royal Exchange in London, before the ſaid Tickets are Drawn, they ſhall receive Five Guineas as a Reward.

N. B. The Tickets are ſtopp'd by the Order of the Hon. Commiſſioners; ſo that no one can claim them but Mr. Harvey.

No. 40073, 4, 5. No. 49891, 2, 3, 4, 5.

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THE Attorney's Practice in the Court of King's Bench: or, An Introduction to the Knowledge of the Practice of that Court, as it now ſtands under the Regulation of ſeveral late Acts of Parliament, Rules and Determinations of the ſaid Court: With Variety of uſeful and curious Precedents in Engliſh ſettled or drawn by Council: And a complete Index to the Whole.

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THIS Medicine reſtrains in a mo ſurprizing Manner, all internal as well as exter Hemorrhages, *i. e.* it infallibly and quickly ſtops all danger Bleedings at the Noſe or Gums, ſpitting or vomiting Blo alſo the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoides or Menſe bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. uſed according to the plain Directions given with it) as appear by the Certificates of ſeveral Eminent Phyſicians, in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the Doc himſelf, and dedicated to the College of Phyſicians, a lit before his Death.

It keeps good for many Years, at Sea or on Shoar, at Ho or Abroad, *i. e.* in all Climates, therefore muſt be univerſa Uſeful.

The Doctor not only obtained his Majeſty's Letters Pate for the ſole Vending of this moſt Excellent Medicine, b alſo a Clauſe in a late Act of Parliament, exempting t Medicine from the Inſpection of the Cenſors of the College Phyſicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Styptick fro Preſcription of Helvetius, and uſe it in the Room of EATON's; but whoever tries both, will ſoon be perſua that Our's exceeds their's in all Reſpects, in a moſt emine Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Schem at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradſhaw's Warehouſe beh the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymiſt, in Bartl lomew Cloſe; Mr. William Evans, Bookſeller, in Briſtol; M Hammond, Jun. Bookſeller, at York; Mr. Roe, Bookſell in Derby; Mr. Raiks, Printer, in Glouceſter; Mr. Dic Printer, in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercer, Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. How an Apothecary, at Kidderminſter; Mrs. Trobridge, a Sh keeper, in Exeter; Mr. Halliſax, an Apothecary, at Bractle Mrs. Unett, a Bookſeller, at Woolverhampton; and M Bryan, a Printer, at Worceſter.

The moſt Noble ELIXIR,
For* Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Me
***and the* Hyſterick Diſeaſe *or* Vapours**
Women.

IN three Days Time demonſtrates t every one who takes it, that it is abſolutely infallible for thorough Cure of thoſe perplexing Indiſpoſitions, even in th higheſt and moſt grievous Degree, where nothing but Hor reigns, where Reaſoning is interrupted or deprav'd, and wh the Mind is confuſed with terrible Perturbation, Anxieties, Deſpondency, even to Diſtraction, and the Body afflicted w almoſt innumerable Ailments.

'Tis ſurprizing to ſee how ſoon this CELEBRATE ELIXIR, (even a few Doſes of it only) entirely cures the vaſt Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new Train of cheer and pleaſant Ideas, inſtead of thoſe deep and black Thoughts thoſe direful Apprehenſions that ſo tenaciouſly dwelt upon Soul, clouded the Underſtanding, and deſtroy'd all Notion ever receiving Comfort again; for it occaſions a Flow of diſturb'd Spirits, and cauſes bright Gleams of Joy to break in o the Heart, and chace away the whole Load of depreſſed and melancholy Imaginations ſo effectually, that the Patients are ſudde reliev'd both in Body and Mind; and now enjoying perfect heal free and lively Spirits, ſteady, ſerene, and gay Thoughts, a as much amaz'd that they could be chain'd down to ſuch a diſ Way of Thinking, ſuch dreadful Fears, and dark Imaginations as before, they were hopeleſs of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this NOBLE ELIXIR is ſuddenly and infallibly curing HYPOCHONDRIACK M LANCHOLY in Men, and the HYSTERICK DISEAS or VAPOURS in Women, in all their Shapes and Appe ances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitleſs, is expreſſible, as the vaſt Numbers of both Sexes who have b perfectly cured by it, with the utmoſt Satisfaction declare.

It occaſions no Manner of Diſorder, is pleaſant to take, a Drops of it are a Doſe, and is to be had only at Mr. RADFOR Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Chur yard in the Strand, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

Friday arriv'd a Mail from Holland; *with the following Advices of a* Great and Sudden Revolution *in the Government of the Muscovite Empire.*

Hague, Dec. 25. N. S.

ON the 23d instant in the Evening an Expreſs arriv'd here from Petersbourg to the Count de Golofkin, and deliver'd him a Packet of Letters, dated the 6th Inſtant, in which was a formal Order under the Great Seal, directed to the ſaid Ambaſſador, to inform their High Mightineſſes,

'That the States of the Ruſſias, the Senate, the Synod, 'and the other principal Orders, could bear no longer to 'ſee the Supreme Authority remain in the Hands of thoſe 'who, by a long Series of Acts of Violence one after 'another, had uſurp'd it ever ſince the Death of the Em'peror Peter I. the Miniſters to whom that Prince had 'committed the Execution of his Laſt Will, not having 'perform'd it: That in order to put a Stop to theſe 'Uſurpations, and to reſtore the Crown to the Lawful 'Heir, they had unanimouſly declar'd the Princeſs Eli'zabeth, Daughter of the ſaid Emperor, to be their So'vereign, Sole Monarch, and Empreſs: And that her 'Imperial Majeſty at the ſame time gave the ſtrongeſt 'Aſſurances, that ſhe would not fail to cultivate that 'perfect good Underſtanding with this State, which has 'ſubſiſted between her Predeceſſors and this Repub'lick; and upon all Occaſions to give it Proofs of her 'Affection.'

This Order was ſign'd ELISABETH.

In purſuance hereof the Count de Golofkin went the ſame Night to the Penſionary Vander Hein, and then to the Greffier Fagel, to notify the ſame to both thoſe Miniſters. His Excellency has receiv'd no other News or Letter whatſoever, ſo that we know not what Changes have been made in the Miniſtry, nor indeed any one Thing that has been tranſacted in this Revolution. All that is given out is, that the Prince Nariskin, who is in a Sort of Exile, and now at Paris, will ſhortly return to Petersbourg; and 'tis thought the new Empreſs will ſoon declare her Marriage.

Mean time 'tis conjectur'd, that this Revolution, and the Reſolution the King of Sardinia has now taken in favour of the King of Spain, will haſten a General Peace.

With the Count de Golofkin's Packet came the following Piece; viz.

The Manifeſto of the Empreſs Eliſabeth, Sovereign of all the Ruſſia's.

'We ELISABETH, the Firſt of the Name, Empreſs 'and Sovereign of all the Ruſſias, &c. make known to 'all and every one by theſe Preſents.

'Tis known to all the World, that in purſuance of 'Letters Patent dated the 16th of October 1740, the late 'Great Lady and Empreſs Anne Joannowna did before 'her Death name a Nephew, who was then but a few 'Months old, to be her Succeſſor to the Throne of Ruſ'ſia: But foraſmuch as by reaſon of the ſaid Minority 'ſeveral Perſons have adminiſted the Empire in a Man'ner ſo improper, that a great many Troubles and Incon'veniences have reſulted from thence both at home and 'abroad, and even great Damages might have accrued 'from it hereafter, our faithful Subjects the States Spiri'tual and Temporal, and in particular our Regiments of 'Guards, have unanimouſly invited us to aſcend the 'Throne of our Anceſtors, which belongeth to us by 'Right as the neareſt Heir by our Birth, in order by thoſe 'Means to prevent all Troubles which are to be appre'hended for the future. In purſuance of ſuch Invita'tion, and by the Right of Succeſſion which belongs to 'us by Deſcent from our moſt dear Father and Mother 'the Emperor Peter the Great and the Great Lady and 'Empreſs Catherine Alexiewna, as alſo in Condeſcenſion 'to the unanimous Vows of our faithful Subjects, we 'have moſt graciouſly accepted the Crown of our Fa'thers, and the Empire over all the Ruſſias, as ſhall be 'ſet forth more at large in another Manifeſto. Mean 'time we have thought fit to notify this Event to our 'faithful Subjects, to the end that in conſequence thereof 'they may take the uſual Oath to us.

Dec. 6, 1741. ELISABETH.

Berlin, Dec. 19. N. S. The King has juſt receiv'd by Expreſs the important News that the Princeſs Elizabeth Daughter of the Emperor Peter the Great is advanc'd to the Throne of Ruſſia, and was proclaim'd Empreſs on the 6th Inſtant. We are impatient for the Particulars of this great Event.

Hamburg, Dec. 22. N. S. We have the important News from Petersbourg, that on the 6th Inſt. the Princeſs Elizabeth was declar'd Empreſs; and that the Populace, ſupported by the three Regiments of Guards, having revolted, the Ducheſs Regent preſently thought fit to abdicate, &c. We expect farther Particulars every Hour.

Danzick, Dec. 18. N. S. The Reſident here from the Court of Ruſſia has juſt receiv'd an Expreſs from Petersbourg with Advice that the Emperor is dethron'd; that the Princeſs Elizabeth Daughter of the late Czar Peter the Great has been proclaim'd Empreſs of all the Ruſſias; and that on the 6th Inſtant ſhe was crown'd. This new Empreſs is about 32 Years of Age, being born the 29th of December 1709.

Vienna, Dec. 13. Two Days ago the Queen with all her Court return'd hither from Presbourg, being receiv'd by the Acclamations of the People and the Diſcharge of the Cannon. The Army which is to act in Upper Auſtria is to rendezvous at Waidhoſten, where the firſt Column of the Troops from Italy is already arriv'd. We are aſſur'd that Prince Wenceſlaus of Lichenſtein is gone to London, with Inſtructions as 'tis ſaid to negotiate a Treaty with the ſaid Court.

Prague, Dec. 13. N. S. On the 9th inſtant the Auſtrian Army arriv'd at Newhauſs in Bohemia, where the Troops are canton'd from Budweis to Chrudin, the Town of Newhauſs, which is the Head-Quarters, being in the Centre. 'Tis a Queſtion however whether they will ſtay there long, becauſe the Troops of France, Bavaria, and Saxony, join'd by 25 Pruſſian Squadrons, are marching towards them. It is ſaid alſo that the Count de Segur, Lieutenant-General and Commandant of the French Troops in Auſtria, is alſo preparing to meet the Enemy.

Stockholm, Dec. 7. N. S. Yeſterday the Queen's Body lay in State, and the King receiv'd Compliments of Condolence from all the Colleges, and a Mauſoleum is erecting in the Church of the Palace. The King takes her Death ſo much to Heart, that his own Life is in Danger. Within theſe two Days an Ambaſſador arriv'd here from France and another from Spain.

Munich, Dec. 13. N. S. Fifteen Months Subſidies that were owing in Bohemia to the Sovereign are lapſed to his Electoral Highneſs, who has caus'd ſeveral thouſand Ducats to be diſtributed to the French and Saxon Troops to make them amends for their not being permitted to plunder Prague when it was taken, and where on the 7th Inſtant our Elector was proclaim'd King of Bohemia. Our laſt Advices from that Country ſay the States are to furniſh 8000 Men; and that the Auſtrian Army, which is retir'd to Brunn in Moravia, is purſu'd by 25000 Saxons, 10000 Pruſſians, and as many French.

HOME PORTS.

Whitehaven, Dec. 13. Yeſterday arrived the Nelſon, Skelton, in five Weeks and four Days; and the Vernon's Glory, French, from Barbados, but laſt from Dublin.

Falmouth, Dec. 14. Since my laſt arrived the Anne and Margaret, Mitchell, from Rotterdam; the Fame, Harris, and the Duke of Lorain, Newton, both from London for the Streights. Remain in Port the Packets as per laſt.

Pool, Dec. 16. Sailed the Tuglanzia, Vanderblok, from Amſterdam for Bayonne with Fiſh. Came in the John and Elizabeth, Wills, from Newcaſtle; and the Thompſon, Thompſon, from Havredegrace.

Cowes, Dec. 16. Wind E. On the 14th came down from Spithead and anchor'd in this Road, his Majeſty's Ship the Seaford, with the following Ships under her Convoy; the Lilly, Townſhend, the Mary, Reeves, and the Rysbrack, Dornford, all three for Oporto; the Matilda, Blackwell, and the Farnley, Gibſon, for Lisbon, all five from London; and the Prince Frederick, Wade, and the Prince William, Manock, both from Hamburgh for Oporto; and all ſailed to the Weſtward Yeſterday.

Dover, Dec. 17. Wind S. S. E. Came in the Guiney Galley, Boarello, from Surinam for Middleburgh, and the Henry and John, Kindneſs, from Rotterdam. Sail'd the True Briton, Galliſon, for Hull; the Endeavour, Swan, for Rotterdam; and the Hopewell, Stringer, for Wells.

Deal, Dec. 17. Wind S. S. E. Came down the Suſanna, Bradſhaw, for Oporto; the William, Gill, and the Prince William, Grout, both for Dublin, and remain with the Ships as Yeſterday.

Graveſend, Dec. 17. Yeſterday paſs'd by the Expedition, Curtis, 'with Goods from on board the Expe'dition, Capt. Talcot, ſtranded near Eſtaples on the Coaſt 'of France'; and this Day, the Maſta, Smith, from Liſbon; the York, Shaw, from Maryland; the Iſaac and Mary, Fones, 'with Goods from the Expedition, Capt. 'Talcot'; the Squirrel Man of War, Capt. Warren, from New England; the Nancy, Alcock, from Rotterdam the Parſons, Wood, the Willing-mind, Boynell, the Weſt-Gilbie, and the Folkſton, Wood, all four from Dunkirk.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Falmouth, the Williams, Harriſon, from Maryland.

At Liverpool, the William and Betty, Powel, from Virginia.

At Cette, the ——, Robert Thompſon, from Rotterdam.

At Bremen, the Lady Ann, Ramſey, from Hull.

At Gottenburgh, the Mary, Bain, from Kirkwall in the Orkneys.

At Oporto, the Merrifield, Smith, from Newfoundland.

At New England, the Prime Miniſter, Maxwell, from Nevis.

LONDON, December 19.

Extract of Letters from the Hague, of Dec. 19. N. S.

'According to Annual Cuſtom the Council of State of 'the United Provinces went t'other Day in a Body to 'the Aſſembly of the States-General, with the Eſtimates 'of the War for the Year enſuing. Three Months ago 'we remember it was ſaid, that the Council had de'manded a third Augmentation of the Troops of the 'Republick, the Equipment of 25 Ships of the Line, 'and that there ſhould be built as many new ones. We 'ſhall ſee ſoon whether they inſiſt upon thoſe three Ar'ticles in the Petition which they have now preſented 'to their High Mightineſſes. We ſhall alſo know whe'ther the Six other Provinces will conform to that of 'Holland and Weſtfriſeland, which at the laſt Meeting 'reſolv'd to grant to the Queen of Hungary the Subſidies 'due to her by virtue of the Guaranty of the Pragma'tick Sanction. His Pruſſian Majeſty has, without the 'leaſt Scruple, agreed to the Requeſt of the States, for 'erecting a Dyke on the Confines of Guelderland, which 'the Republick poſſeſſes in common with that Prince; 'and as faſt as the Seaſon will permit, they are carry'ing on the famous Sluice of Waterfort near Zutphen, 'with all the proper Works to cover it, which when 'finiſh'd will effectually ſecure the United Provinces 'from any Invaſion on the Side of Guelderland. This 'ſhews how groſsly the Publick was impos'd on, when 'they were made to believe in ſeveral News-Papers, that 'the King of Pruſſia demanded the Demolition of the 'ſaid Sluice and its Works, or elſe he would renounce 'all his Engagements with the Republick.

The Paris a-la-main of Saturday begins with a Letter from the Hague, which ſays, 'That the States only 'defer their final Reſolution, that it may be conform'able to that of the Parliament of England; and that if 'the Reſolves of that Aſſembly are vigorous, thoſe of 'the States will infallibly be the ſame, notwithſtanding 'there's a conſiderable Majority in the Republick for a 'Neutrality. In all Appearance, *ſays that Court Writer*, 'England will not abandon the Queen of Hungary, who 'has receiv'd the Remainder of the 300000 l. granted to 'her by the Parliament; tho' we know not what to 'think of the Engliſh Squadron's retiring to Gibraltar, '&c. as if they had a mind to connive at the Paſſage of 'the Spaniſh Troops to Italy.'

Letters of the 9th Inſtant N. S. from Prague ſay, that Prince Leopold of Anhalt Deſſau having had two Conferences there with the Marſhal de Belle Iſle, ſent Orders to 6000 Pruſſians to make haſte and join the Allies, in order to hinder the Queen of Hungary's Forces from taking Winter Quarters in that Part of the Kingdom which is ſituate between the Elbe and the Mountains of Moravia.

Some Advices from Vienna ſay, that the Queen of Hungary has reſolv'd to ſuſpend the Payment of the Salaries that ſhall be due to all thoſe who have Employments throughout her Dominions for one Year, commencing from the firſt of July laſt, in order to enable her to ſupport the extraordinary Expences which her Majeſty is oblig'd to for the Defence of her Hereditary Kingdoms and Provinces.

They write from the Hague, that the Council of State having deliver'd a Scheme to the States General for a Third Augmentation of the Forces to conſiſt of 19688 Men Horſe, Foot and Dragoons, their High Mightyneſſes have ſent it to the ſeveral Provinces for their Conſent.

A Ship arriv'd at Lubeck from Stockholm adviſes, that five Ships were lately loſt at Bornholm in the Baltick, viz. One Engliſh, two Holſteiner, one Dutchman, and one Lubecker; their Names unknown.

On the Neering is ſtranded the Ship commanded by Matthias Brahus, bound to Rouen.

Near Calmer is loſt the Ship commanded by J. Damp, bound from Amſterdam to Stockholm.

Na-

Near Groningen is lost the Ship commanded by Swen Hagberg, bound from Stockholm to Amsterdam.

The Right Hon. the House of Peers have adjourn'd to Tuesday next.

On Thursday Night last one Robert Toms, a Drover, was committed to the Gatehouse, Westminster, by Justice Manley, for stabbing George May jun. a Carman, in the Belly with a broad Knife, in the Broad Sanctuary Westminster, insomuch that Part of his Bowels came out: Upon which unhappy Accident Mr. Westbrook an eminent Surgeon was immediately sent for, who sew'd up the Wound, but he still continues in a very deplorable Condition, and it is thought he cannot survive it.

Yesterday the following Numbers were drawn Prizes in the Bridge-Lottery; viz. No. 45054, 47016, 1000 l. each. No. 20575, 500 l. No. 23072, 54830, 54455, 10719, 1874, 25622, 31821, 37393, 38340, 39648, 22815, 23418, 39550, 9320, 18224, 21606, 100 l. each.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning		Evening	
	07	32	07	57

Bank Stock, 136 3-4ths to 135 1-half. India 159. South Sea, 104 1-half to 104. Old Annuity, 111 7-8ths to 111. New ditto, 111 1-4th for the Opening. Three per Cent. 100 for ditto. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 89. London Assurance, 11. African, 10. India Bonds, 4 l. 10 s. to 4 l. Premium. Bank Circulation, 3 l. 2 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. English Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welsh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, 114. Equivalent, 112. Lottery Tickets, 9 l. 5 s. to 3 s.

Bank, June 1, 1741.

WHereas JOHN WAITE, *late one of the Cashiers of the* Bank of England, *about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well set, round visag'd, small grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-lashes, and of a most remarkable fresh Complection, absented himself on Wednesday the 13th of May last from his Duty at the Bank, and is supposed to have secreted, or taken away with him from the Bank, East-India Bonds, amounting to a considerable Value;*

And whereas Warrants are issued for Apprehending and Taking the said John Waite, *This is to give Notice, That whoever shall apprehend and secure the said* John Waite, *to be dealt with according to Law, shall receive of the said Governor and Company the Sum of* Three hundred Pounds, *over and above the* Two hundred Pounds *offered in former Advertisements,* in the Whole Five Hundred Pounds.

David Le Gros, *Secretary.*

London, Dec. 18, 1741.

THE Merchants and Traders of this City are desired to meet their Committee appointed to consider of a proper Application for the Security of the Trade and Navigation of these Kingdoms, at the Crown Tavern behind the Royal Exchange, on Tuesday the 2d Instant, at Six of the Clock in the Evening precisely.

At the Scotch *and* Dutch *Warehouse in New Bond-street over against Grosvenor-street,*
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SCOTCH Linens, of the best Manufacture, made after the same Manner as the Dutch Hollands: And, that every Buyer may judge, by comparing them together, to what Perfection the Scotch Linens are brought.

In the same Warehouse are sold the very best Dutch Hollands, at the very lowest Prices.

And to shew how much the Interest of our Country is aim'd at in this Undertaking, if any Piece of Scotch Linen sold in this Warehouse should prove faulty, I do hereby promise, upon the Customer's just Complaint, to make any reasonable Satisfaction. Witness my Hand, for self and Company.

M Paterson

N. B Cambricks are sold at very reasonable Prices.

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The Ninth Number will speedily be published, of which timely Notice will be given.

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